

FS Exercises

①

Ex. 1

$$x(t) = 10 + 3 \cos \omega_0 t + 5 \cos(2\omega_0 t + 30)$$

Find ① Average value X_0

② $X_1, X_{-1}, X_2, X_{-2}, X_3, X_{-3}$

③ Find the TFS coefficients a_0, a_1, a_2, b_1, b_2

④ Find the average power

Sol.

① $X_0 = 10$

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$x(t) = 10 + \frac{3}{2} \left[\frac{e^{j\omega_0 t}}{e^{j\omega_0 t}} + \frac{e^{-j\omega_0 t}}{e^{-j\omega_0 t}} \right] + \frac{5}{2} \left[\frac{e^{j\omega_0 2t}}{e^{j\omega_0 2t}} + \frac{e^{-j\omega_0 2t}}{e^{-j\omega_0 2t}} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{5}{2} \left[\frac{e^{j(2\omega_0 t + 30)}}{e^{j(2\omega_0 t + 30)}} + \frac{e^{-j(2\omega_0 t + 30)}}{e^{-j(2\omega_0 t + 30)}} \right]$$

$$= 10 + \frac{3}{2} \frac{e^{j1 \cdot \omega_0 t}}{e^{j1 \cdot \omega_0 t}} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{e^{-j1 \cdot \omega_0 t}}{e^{-j1 \cdot \omega_0 t}} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{e^{j\frac{\pi}{6}} e^{j2 \cdot \omega_0 t}}{e^{j\frac{\pi}{6}} e^{j2 \cdot \omega_0 t}} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{6}} e^{-j2 \cdot \omega_0 t}}{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{6}} e^{-j2 \cdot \omega_0 t}}$$

\uparrow X_1 \uparrow X_{-1} X_2 X_{-2}

② $X_1 = \frac{3}{2}$ $X_{-1} = \frac{3}{2}$

$X_2 = \frac{5}{2} \angle \frac{\pi}{6}$ $X_{-2} = \frac{5}{2} \angle -\frac{\pi}{6}$

$X_3 = X_4 = X_5 = \dots = 0$

③ $a_n = 2 \operatorname{Re}[X_n] \Rightarrow a_0 = X_0$ $a_2 = \frac{5}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{6}$

$a_1 = \frac{3}{2}$ $a_3 = 0$

$b_n = -2 \operatorname{Im}[X_n]$ $b_1 = 0$

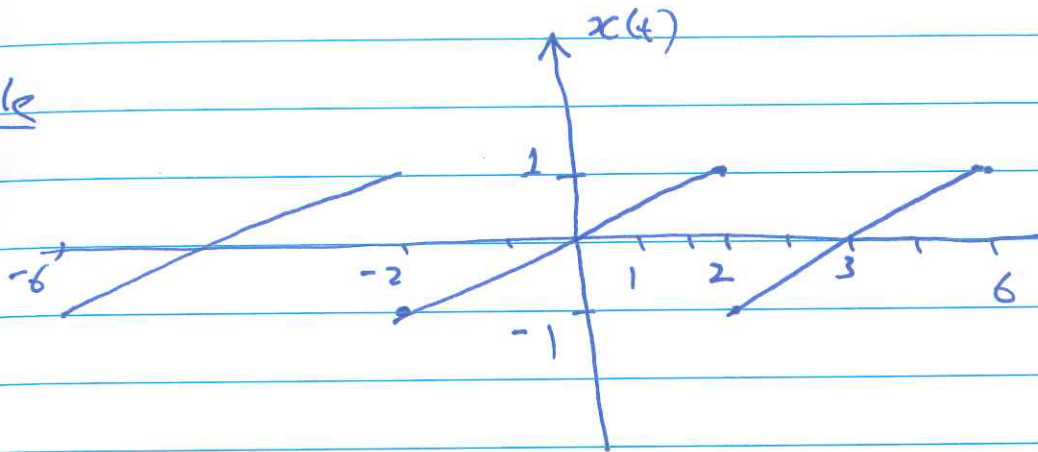
$b_2 = -2 \times \operatorname{Im} \left[\frac{5}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - j \frac{5}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right]$
 $= 5 \sin \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad P_x = |X_0|^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2|X_n|^2$$

$$= (10)^2 + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2$$

$$= 100 + 2\left[\frac{9}{4} + \frac{25}{4}\right] = 117 \text{ W}$$

Example



find X_n : Complex Exp. FS coefficients

Sol.

$$X_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{\langle T_0 \rangle} x(t) dt = 0 \quad (\text{Average value}) \\ \text{or DC value}$$

$$T_0 = 4, \quad \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} = \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$X_n = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{\langle T_0 \rangle} x(t) e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$x(t) = \frac{t}{2}, \quad -2 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 \frac{t}{2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}nt} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_{-2}^2 t e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}nt} dt$$

$$= \frac{j}{2\pi n} [\cos \pi n] - \frac{j}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin \pi n$$

$$= \frac{j}{n\pi} (-1) = -\frac{j}{n\pi}$$

Integration by parts

t	+	$e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}nt}$
1	-	$\frac{1}{-j\frac{\pi}{2}n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}nt}$
0	-	$\frac{1}{\frac{\pi^2}{4}n^2} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}nt}$

$$x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-j}{n\pi} \right) e^{jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}$$

$$X_0 = 0$$

$$X_1 = \frac{-j}{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} \angle -90$$

$$X_{-1} = \frac{1}{\pi} \angle 90$$

$$X_2 = \frac{-j}{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \angle -90$$

$$X_{-2} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \angle 90$$

⋮

Example $x(t) = 1 + \sin 6000\pi t \cos^2 8000\pi t$

- (A) Find X_n ?
- (B) plot X_n 's .
- (C) Find P_{av} ?

$x(t)$ can be directly expanded in \sin/\cos . no need for integration

$$x(t) = 1 + \left(\frac{e^{j6000\pi t} + e^{-j6000\pi t}}{j2} \right) \left(\frac{e^{j8000\pi t} + e^{-j8000\pi t}}{2} \right)^2$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{j8} e^{-j22000\pi t} + \frac{1}{j8} e^{j22000\pi t} + \frac{1}{j8} e^{-j10000\pi t} - \frac{1}{j8} e^{j10000\pi t} - \frac{2}{j8} e^{-j6000\pi t} + \frac{2}{j8} e^{j6000\pi t}$$

Freq: $\left. \begin{matrix} 22000\pi \\ 10000\pi \\ 6000\pi \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = 2000\pi$

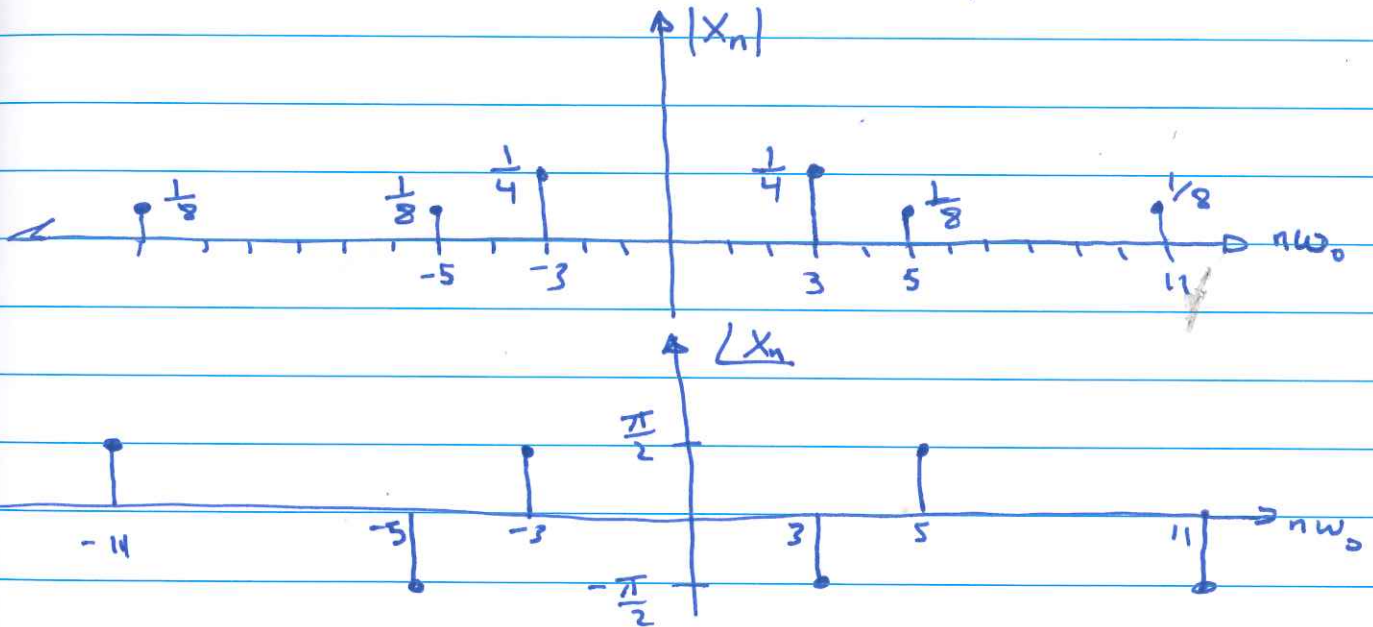
$$\left[\begin{aligned} T_{01} &= \frac{2\pi}{\omega_{01}} = \frac{1}{11000} & T_{02} &= \frac{1}{5000} & T_{03} &= \frac{1}{3000} \\ \frac{T_{01}}{T_{02}} &= \frac{5}{11} & \frac{T_{01}}{T_{03}} &= \frac{3}{11} \\ \text{Find LCM}(11, 11) &= 11 \Rightarrow T_0 = 11 \times T_{01} = \frac{1}{1000} \\ \Rightarrow \omega_0 &= \frac{2\pi}{T_0} = 2000\pi \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$22000\pi \longrightarrow n = \frac{22000}{2000} = 11$$

$$10000\pi \longrightarrow n = 5$$

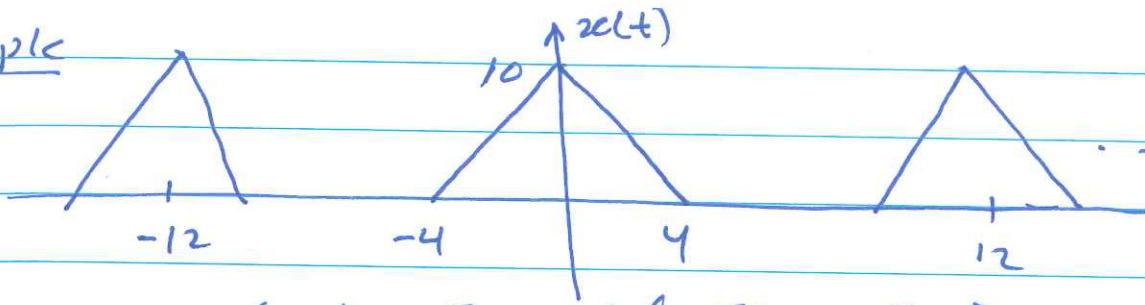
$$6000\pi \longrightarrow n = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow X_0 = 1 \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} X_{11} = \frac{1}{8j} = \frac{1}{8} \angle -90^\circ \\ X_5 = -\frac{1}{8j} = \frac{1}{8} \angle 90^\circ \\ X_3 = \frac{2}{8j} = \frac{2}{8} \angle -90^\circ \end{array} \right. \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} X_{-11} = -\frac{1}{8j} = X_{11}^* \\ X_{-5} = +\frac{1}{8j} = X_5^* \\ X_{-3} = -\frac{2}{8j} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{c} \text{ Power in } x(t) &= |X_0|^2 + \sum_{n \neq 0} 2|X_n|^2 \\ &= 1 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{16} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{64} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{64} \\ &= \frac{19}{16} \text{ W} \end{aligned}$$

Example



- A) Determine Complex Exponential FS coefficients? X_n
- B) = TFS coefficients? a_n, b_n
- C) = Compact TFS coefficients? D_n

Sol. $T_0 = 12 \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$x(t)$ is even $\Rightarrow b_n = 0$ $n = 1, 2, \dots$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-4}^4 x(t) dt = \frac{1}{12} \cdot \text{Area} = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 4 \cdot 10 = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{-4}^4 x(t) \cos n\omega_0 t dt$$

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{2}(t+4) & -4 < t < 0 \\ -\frac{5}{2}(t-4) & 0 < t < 4 \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{12} \int_{-4}^0 \frac{5}{2}(t+4) \cos n\omega_0 t dt + \frac{2}{12} \int_0^4 -\frac{5}{2}(t-4) \cos n\omega_0 t dt$$

$$= \frac{5}{12} \int_{-4}^0 t \cos n\omega_0 t dt + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{12} \int_{-4}^0 \cos n\omega_0 t dt + \frac{-5}{12} \int_0^4 t \cos n\omega_0 t dt + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{12} \int_0^4 \cos n\omega_0 t dt$$

$$+ \frac{5 \cdot 4}{12} \int_0^4 \cos n\omega_0 t dt$$

$$= \frac{5}{12} \left[\frac{t \sin n\omega_0 t}{n\omega_0} + \frac{1}{(n\omega_0)^2} \cos n\omega_0 t \right]_{-4}^0 + \frac{5}{3} \frac{1}{n\omega_0} \sin n\omega_0 t \Big|_{-4}^0$$

$$- \frac{5}{12} \left[\frac{t \sin n\omega_0 t}{n\omega_0} + \frac{1}{(n\omega_0)^2} \cos n\omega_0 t \right]_{0}^4 + \frac{5}{3} \frac{1}{n\omega_0} \sin n\omega_0 t \Big|_0^4$$

(8)

$$= 2 \times \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{1}{n\omega_0} \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi n\right) + \frac{5}{12} \left[2 \times \frac{1}{(n\omega_0)^2} - 2 \times \frac{4}{n\omega_0} \sin\frac{2}{3}\pi n - 2 \times \frac{1}{(n\omega_0)^2} \cos\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi n\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{5}{12} \times 2 \times$$

$$\frac{5}{12} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{(n\omega_0)^2} \left[1 - \cos\frac{2}{3}\pi n \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{30}{n^2\pi^2} \left[1 - \cos\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi n\right) \right] \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

Complex FS:

$$X_n = \frac{1}{2} (a_n - j b_n) = \frac{1}{2} a_n = \frac{15}{n^2\pi^2} \left(1 - \cos\frac{2}{3}\pi n \right)$$

$$X_0 = a_0 = \frac{10}{3} \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$$

Compact TFS:

$$x(t) = X_0 + \sum \underbrace{2|X_n|}_{D_n} \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n)$$

$$D_n = 2 \times \frac{15}{n^2\pi^2} \left(1 - \cos\frac{2}{3}\pi n \right)$$

$$\theta_n = 0$$

$$X_0 = \frac{10}{3}$$